

Euler 0006

The Problem:

The sum of squares n is defined by the sum of natural numbers ascending, such that, $\text{sum_of_squares}(10)$ is 385. $1^2 + 2^2 + \dots 10^2$.

The square of sum n is defined by the square of the sum of natural numbers ascending, such that, $\text{square_of_sum}(10)$ is 3025. $(1+2+\dots+10)^2 = 3025$

Find the difference of these 2 values where n is 100.

Considerations:

Funny enough, this doesn't even need iterative computation, there are 2 different formula we can work with:

- Sum of square: $n(n+1)(2n+1)/6$
- Sum of numbers (and then squared): $(n(n+1)/2)^2$

The Solution (No-Code!):

Which means that the final formula is $(n(n+1)/2)^2 - n(n+1)(2n+1)/6$

Which by hand:

- $(100(101)/2)^2 - 100(101)(201)/6$
- 25502500 - 338350
- 25164150

Revision #2

Created 2025-07-03 20:46:38 UTC by Maxwell

Updated 2025-07-17 14:51:01 UTC by Maxwell